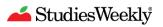
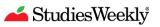


Week	Title	Standards Covered	
	Unit 1: Government and Geography		
1	Government Review	E-G-H-CG-4. Determine the economic and cultural impact of European exploration during the Age of Discovery upon European society and American Indians.	
2	Geography Review	G-H-2. Identify causes and effects of early migration and settlement of North America.	
	'	Unit 2: Pre-Columbian	
3	Life in the Americas	E-G-H-CG-3. Distinguish differences among major American Indian cultures in North America according to geographic region, natural resources, community organization, economy, and belief systems.	
4	American Indian Government and Trade	E-G-H-CG-3. Distinguish differences among major American Indian cultures in North America according to geographic region, natural resources, community organization, economy, and belief systems.	
Unit 3: Exploration			
5	The Age of Encounters	E-G-H-CG-4. Determine the economic and cultural impact of European exploration during the Age of Discovery upon European society and American Indians.	
6	Consequences of Contact	E-G-H-CG-4. Determine the economic and cultural impact of European exploration during the Age of Discovery upon European society and American Indians.	
		Unit 4: Colonization	
7	The Colonies and Their Founding	G-H-1. Locate on a map physical features that impacted the exploration and settlement of the Americas, including ocean currents, prevailing winds, large forests, major rivers, and significant mountain ranges.	
		E-G-H-CG-5. Explain the early colonization of North America and reasons for settlement in the Northern, Middle, and Southern colonies, including geographic features, landforms, and differences in climate among the colonies.	
		E-G-H-CG-8. Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown.	
8	Jamestown	E-G-H-CG-4. Determine the economic and cultural impact of European exploration during the Age of Discovery upon European society and American Indians.	





Week	Title	Standards Covered
9	Plymouth	E-G-H-CG-4. Determine the economic and cultural impact of European exploration during the Age of Discovery upon European society and American Indians.
		E-G-H-CG-5. Explain the early colonization of North America and reasons for settlement in the Northern, Middle, and Southern colonies, including geographic features, landforms, and differences in climate among the colonies.
10	Colonial Life	E-G-H-CG-3. Distinguish differences among major American Indian cultures in North America according to geographic region, natural resources, community organization, economy, and belief systems.
		E-G-H-CG-4. Determine the economic and cultural impact of European exploration during the Age of Discovery upon European society and American Indians.
		E-G-H-CG-5. Explain the early colonization of North America and reasons for settlement in the Northern, Middle, and Southern colonies, including geographic features, landforms, and differences in climate among the colonies.
		E-G-H-6. Describe colonial economic life and labor systems in the Americas.
Unit 5: French and Indian War		
11	Clash of Empires	E-H-CG-7. Determine causes and events leading to the American Revolution, including the French and Indian War, the Stamp Act, the Intolerable Acts, the Boston Massacre, and the Boston Tea Party.
12	Consequences of the French and Indian War	E-H-CG-7. Determine causes and events leading to the American Revolution, including the French and Indian War, the Stamp Act, the Intolerable Acts, the Boston Massacre, and the Boston Tea Party.
		E-G-H-CG-8. Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown.
		E-G-H-CG-13. Describe social and economic influences on the United States' expansion prior to World War I.
	Unit 6: Road to Revolution	
13	The Acts of Parliament	E-H-CG-7. Determine causes and events leading to the American Revolution, including the French and Indian War, the Stamp Act, the Intolerable Acts, the Boston Massacre, and the Boston Tea Party.
14	The Actions of the Colonies	E-H-CG-7. Determine causes and events leading to the American Revolution, including the French and Indian War, the Stamp Act, the Intolerable Acts, the Boston Massacre, and the Boston Tea Party.





Week	Title	Standards Covered
		E-G-H-CG-8. Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown.
15	The Shot Heard Round the World	E-G-H-CG-8. Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown.
Unit 7: Revolution		Unit 7: Revolution
16	Independence and Revolution: People	E-G-H-CG-8. Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown.
17	Independence and Revolution- The Military	E-G-H-CG-8. Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown.
		Unit 8: The New Nation
18	Founders and Process	E-G-H-CG-8. Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown. H-CG-9. Explain how inadequacies of the Articles of Confederation led to the creation and eventual ratification of the Constitution of the United States.
19	Constitution	H-CG-9. Explain how inadequacies of the Articles of Confederation led to the creation and eventual ratification of the Constitution of the United States.
20	The Bill of Rights	H-CG-9. Explain how inadequacies of the Articles of Confederation led to the creation and eventual ratification of the Constitution of the United States.
21	New Nation	E-G-H-CG-3. Distinguish differences among major American Indian cultures in North America according to geographic region, natural resources, community organization, economy, and belief systems.
		E-G-H-CG-10. Describe political, social, and economic events between 1803 and 1860 that led to the expansion of the territory of the United States, including the War of 1812, the Indian Removal Act, the Texas-Mexican War, the MexicanAmerican War, and the Gold Rush of 1849.
		E-G-H-CG-11. Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery.
		Unit 9: Expansion and Growth
22	America on the Move	G-H-2. Identify causes and effects of early migration and settlement of North America.





Alabama Social Studies SCOPE & SEQUENCE

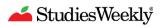
Week	Title	Standards Covered
		E-G-H-CG-8. Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown. E-G-H-CG-10. Describe political, social, and economic events between 1803 and 1860 that led to the expansion of the territory of the United States, including the War of 1812, the Indian Removal Act, the Texas-Mexican War, the MexicanAmerican War, and the Gold Rush of 1849. E-G-H-CG-13. Describe social and economic influences on the United States' expansion prior to World War I.
23	Expanding Borders	 G-H-2. Identify causes and effects of early migration and settlement of North America. E-G-H-CG-10. Describe political, social, and economic events between 1803 and 1860 that led to the expansion of the territory of the United States, including the War of 1812, the Indian Removal Act, the Texas-Mexican War, the MexicanAmerican War, and the Gold Rush of 1849. E-G-H-CG-13. Describe social and economic influences on the United States' expansion prior to World War I.
24	American Indian Nations: The Cherokee Nation	E-G-H-CG-3. Distinguish differences among major American Indian cultures in North America according to geographic region, natural resources, community organization, economy, and belief systems. E-G-H-CG-10. Describe political, social, and economic events between 1803 and 1860 that led to the expansion of the territory of the United States, including the War of 1812, the Indian Removal Act, the Texas-Mexican War, the MexicanAmerican War, and the Gold Rush of 1849.
Unit 10: A Divided Nation		
25	Slavery in America	E-G-H-CG-11. Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery.
26	Abolition	E-G-H-CG-11. Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery.
27	Compromises to Keep Slavery Legal	E-G-H-CG-8. Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown. E-G-H-CG-11. Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery.





Alabama Social Studies SCOPE & SEQUENCE

Week	Title	Standards Covered	
	Unit 11: The American Civil War		
28	The Road to War	E-G-H-CG-11. Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery.	
29	The House Divided by War	 G-H-1. Locate on a map physical features that impacted the exploration and settlement of the Americas, including ocean currents, prevailing winds, large forests, major rivers, and significant mountain ranges. E-G-H-CG-11. Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery. 	
30	Of Souls and Soldiers	E-G-H-CG-10. Describe political, social, and economic events between 1803 and 1860 that led to the expansion of the territory of the United States, including the War of 1812, the Indian Removal Act, the Texas-Mexican War, the MexicanAmerican War, and the Gold Rush of 1849. E-G-H-CG-11. Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery.	
Unit 12: Reconstruction of the Union			
31	Building the Peace	 E-G-H-CG-11. Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery. E-G-H-CG-12. Summarize successes and failures of the Reconstruction Era. E-G-H-CG-13. Describe social and economic influences on the United States' expansion prior to World War I. 	
32	Rebuilding the Union	E-G-H-CG-11. Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery. E-G-H-CG-12. Summarize successes and failures of the Reconstruction Era. E-G-H-CG-13. Describe social and economic influences on the United States' expansion prior to World War I.	





Standards

Weekly Issues

	United States Studies: Beginnings to the Industrial Revolution			
G-H-1	Locate on a map physical features that impacted the exploration and settlement of the Americas, including ocean currents, prevailing winds, large forests, major rivers, and significant mountain ranges. • Locating on a map states and capitals east of the Mississippi River • Identifying natural harbors in North America Examples: Mobile, Boston, New York, New Orleans, Savannah	7- The Colonies and Their Founding 29- The House Divided by War		
G-H-2	Identify causes and effects of early migration and settlement of North America.	2- Geography Review 22- America on the Move 23- Expanding Borders		
E-G-H-CG-3	 Distinguish differences among major American Indian cultures in North America according to geographic region, natural resources, community organization, economy, and belief systems. Locating on a map American Indian nations according to geographic region 	 3- Life in the Americas 4- American Indian Government and Trade 10- Colonial Life 21- New Nation 24- American Indian Nations: The Cherokee Nation 		
E-G-H-CG_4	 Determine the economic and cultural impact of European exploration during the Age of Discovery upon European society and American Indians. Identifying significant early European patrons, explorers, and their countries of origin, including early settlements in the New World Examples: patrons—King Ferdinand and Queen Isabella explorers—Christopher Columbus early settlements—St. Augustine, Quebec, Jamestown Tracing the development and impact of the Columbian Exchange 			
E-G-H-CG-5	 Explain the early colonization of North America and reasons for settlement in the Northern, Middle, and Southern colonies, including geographic features, landforms, and differences in climate among the colonies. Recognizing how colonial development was influenced by the desire for religious freedom Example: development in Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, and Maryland colonies Identifying influential leaders in colonial society Describing emerging colonial government Examples: Mayflower Compact, representative government, town meetings, rule of law 	7- The Colonies and Their Founding 9- Plymouth 10- Colonial Life		





Standards		Weekly Issues
E-G-H-6	Describe colonial economic life and labor systems in the Americas. • Recognizing centers of slave trade in the Western Hemisphere and the establishment of the Triangular Trade Route	10- Colonial Life
E-H-CG-7	Determine causes and events leading to the American Revolution, including the French and Indian War, the Stamp Act, the Intolerable Acts, the Boston Massacre, and the Boston Tea Party.	 11- Clash of Empires 12- Consequences of the French and Indian War 13- The Acts of Parliament 14- The Actions of the Colonies
E-G-H-CG-8	 Identify major events of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown. Describing principles contained in the Declaration of Independence Explaining contributions of Thomas Jefferson, Samuel Adams, Paul Revere, Patrick Henry, Thomas Paine, George Washington, Haym Solomon, and supporters from other countries to the American Revolution Explaining contributions of ordinary citizens, including African Americans and women, to the American Revolution Describing efforts to mobilize support for the American Revolution by the Minutemen, Committees of Correspondence, First Continental Congress, Sons of Liberty, boycotts, and the Second Continental Congress Locating on a map major battle sites of the American Revolution, including the battles of Lexington and Concord, Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and Yorktown Recognizing reasons for colonial victory in the American Revolution 	 7- The Colonies and Their Founding 12- Consequences of the French and Indian War 14- The Actions of the Colonies 15- The Shot Heard Round the World 16- Independence and Revolution: People 17- Independence and Revolution- The Military 18- Founders and Process 22- America on the Move 27- Compromises to Keep Slavery Legal
H-CG-9	 Explain how inadequacies of the Articles of Confederation led to the creation and eventual ratification of the Constitution of the United States. Describing major ideas, concepts, and limitations of the Constitution of the United States, including duties and powers of the three branches of government Identifying factions in favor of and opposed to ratification of the Constitution of the United States Example: Federalist and Anti-Federalist factions Identifying main principles in the Bill of Rights Analyzing the election of George Washington as President of the United States for its impact on the role of president in a republic 	18- Founders and Process 19- Constitution 20- The Bill of Rights





Alabama Social Studies STANDARDS CORRELATION

	Standards	Weekly Issues
E-G-H-CG-1 0	 Describe political, social, and economic events between 1803 and 1860 that led to the expansion of the territory of the United States, including the War of 1812, the Indian Removal Act, the Texas-Mexican War, the Mexican- American War, and the Gold Rush of 1849. Analyzing the role of the Louisiana Purchase and explorations of Meriwether Lewis and William Clark for their impact on Westward Expansion Explaining the purpose of the Monroe Doctrine Identifying Alabama's role in the expansion movement in the United States, including the Battle of Horseshoe Bend and the Trail of Tears Identifying the impact of technological developments on United States' expansion 	 21- New Nation 22- America on the Move 23- Expanding Borders 24- American Indian Nations: The Cherokee Nation 30- Of Souls and Soldiers
E-G-H-CG-1 1	 Identify causes of the Civil War, including states' rights and the issue of slavery. Describing the importance of the Missouri Compromise, Nat Turner's insurrection, the Compromise of 1850, the Dred Scott decision, John Brown's rebellion, and the election of 1860 Recognizing key Northern and Southern personalities, including Abraham Lincoln, Jefferson Davis, Ulysses S. Grant, Robert E. Lee, Thomas Jonathan "Stonewall" Jackson, William Tecumseh Sherman, and Joseph Wheeler Describing social, economic, and political conditions that affected citizens during the Civil War Identifying Alabama's role in the Civil War Examples: Montgomery as the first capital of the Confederacy, Winston County's opposition to Alabama's secession Locating on a map sites important to the Civil War Examples: Mason-Dixon Line, Fort Sumter, Appomattox, Gettysburg, Confederate states, Union states Explaining events that led to the conclusion of the Civil War 	 21- New Nation 25- Slavery in America 26- Abolition 27- Compromises to Keep Slavery Legal 28-The Road to War 29- The House Divided by War 30- Of Souls and Soldiers 31- Building the Peace 32- Rebuilding the Union
E-G-H-CG-1 2	Summarize successes and failures of the Reconstruction Era. • Evaluating the extension of citizenship rights to African Americans included in the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, and Fifteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States • Analyzing the impact of Reconstruction for its effect on education and social institutions in the United States Examples: Horace Mann and education reform, Freedmen's Bureau, establishment of segregated schools, African-American churches	31- Building the Peace 32- Rebuilding the Union





Alabama Social Studies **STANDARDS CORRELATION**

	Standards	Weekly Issues
	 Explaining the black codes and the Jim Crow laws Describing post-Civil War land distribution, including tenant farming and sharecropping 	
E-G-H-CG-1 3	 Describe social and economic influences on United States' expansion prior to World War I. Explaining how the development of transcontinental railroads helped the United States achieve its Manifest Destiny Locating on a map states, capitals, and important geographic features west of the Mississippi River Explaining how the United States acquired Alaska and Hawaii Identifying major groups and individuals involved with the Westward Expansion, including farmers, ranchers, Jewish merchants, Mormons, and Hispanics Analyzing the impact of closing the frontier on American Indians' way of life Explaining how the Spanish-American War led to the emergence of the United States as a world power 	31- Building the Peace 32- Rebuilding the Union